



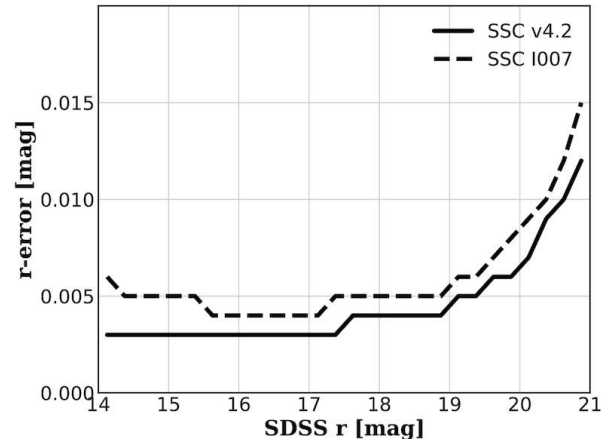
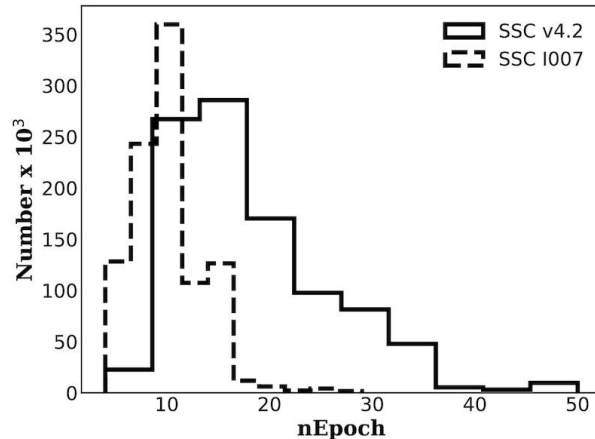
Periodic variability of Stripe 82 quasar light curves and associated changes in Mg II emission line profiles

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The Restless Nature of AGN: 10 years later
Napoli
27 Jun 2023

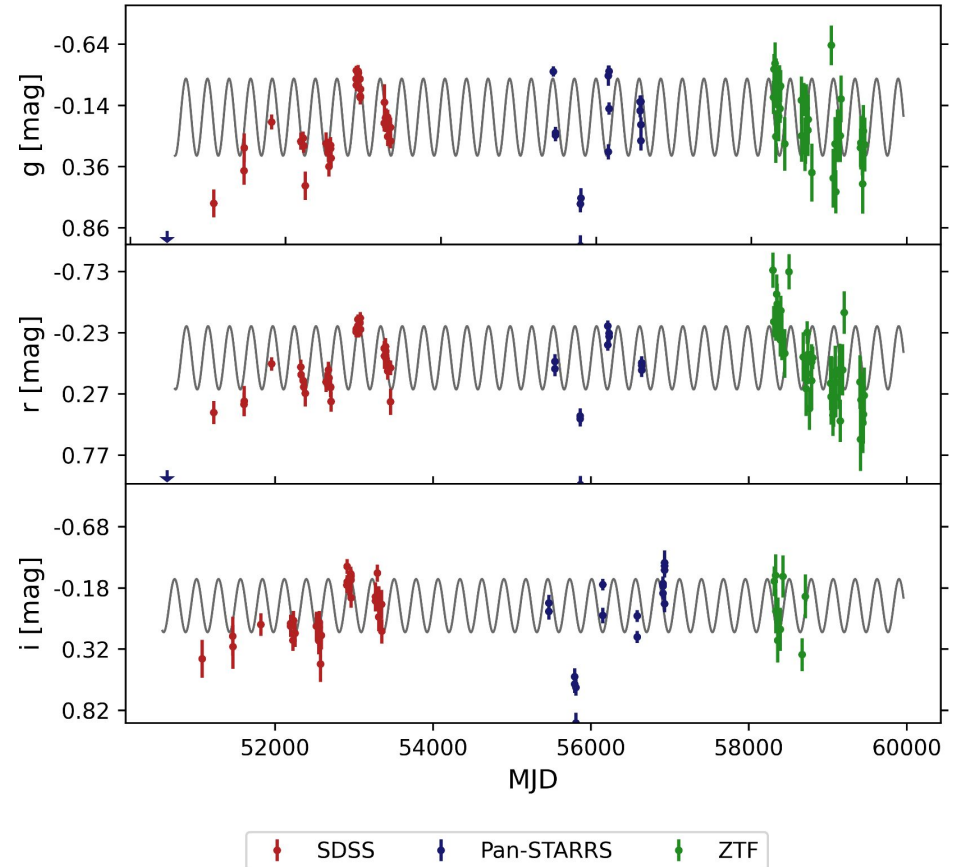
SDSS Stripe 82 long-term periodic variability

- SDSS Stripe 82 ($RA \leq |60^\circ|$, $DEC \leq |1.3^\circ|$)
- observational baseline ~ 6 -years
- SDSS S82 standard stars ([Thanjavur+21](#))
- ~ 1 M sources, $r \leq 22$ mag, *ugriz* bands
- sources selected as non-variable, with $\chi_{\text{dof}}^2 < 3$
- previously detected variable sources also removed (e.g. [Sesar+07](#)...)
- max epochs per band ~ 50 , average ~ 20
- our sample $N_{\text{epochs}} > 25$, $0.1 < \text{pm}_{\text{error}} [\text{mmag}] < 20$



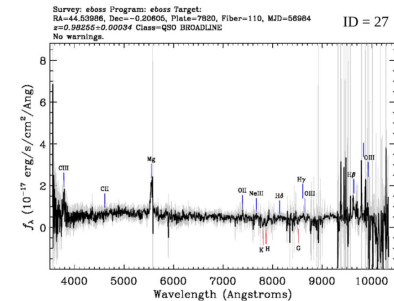
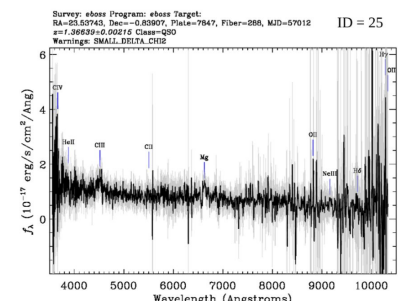
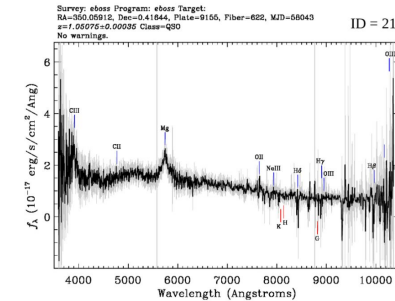
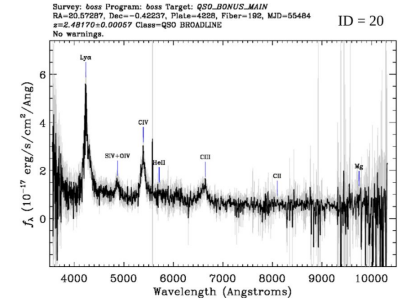
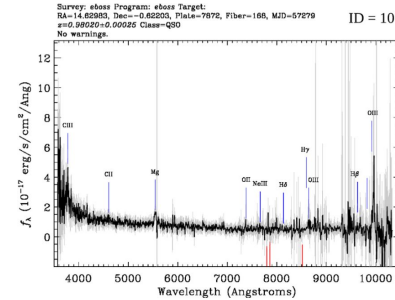
Stripe 82 long-term periodic variability

- ~150k sources in our sample
- robust variability and periodicity analysis:
 - LS periods in *gri* bands agree to 0.1%
 - no significant gaps in phase-folded LCs
 - no clumps in the overall period distribution (i.e. no obvious interloping signal)
 - purged 1-year aliases
 - period uncertainties obtained from MC sim.
 - 2D hybrid method ([Kovačević+21](#)) & Multiband LS ([VanderPlas & Ivezić 2015](#)) for validation of periods
 - verification of variability with data from recent surveys (ZTF, Pan-STARRS)
- **result: 5 candidates, all QSOs** ([Fatović+23](#))



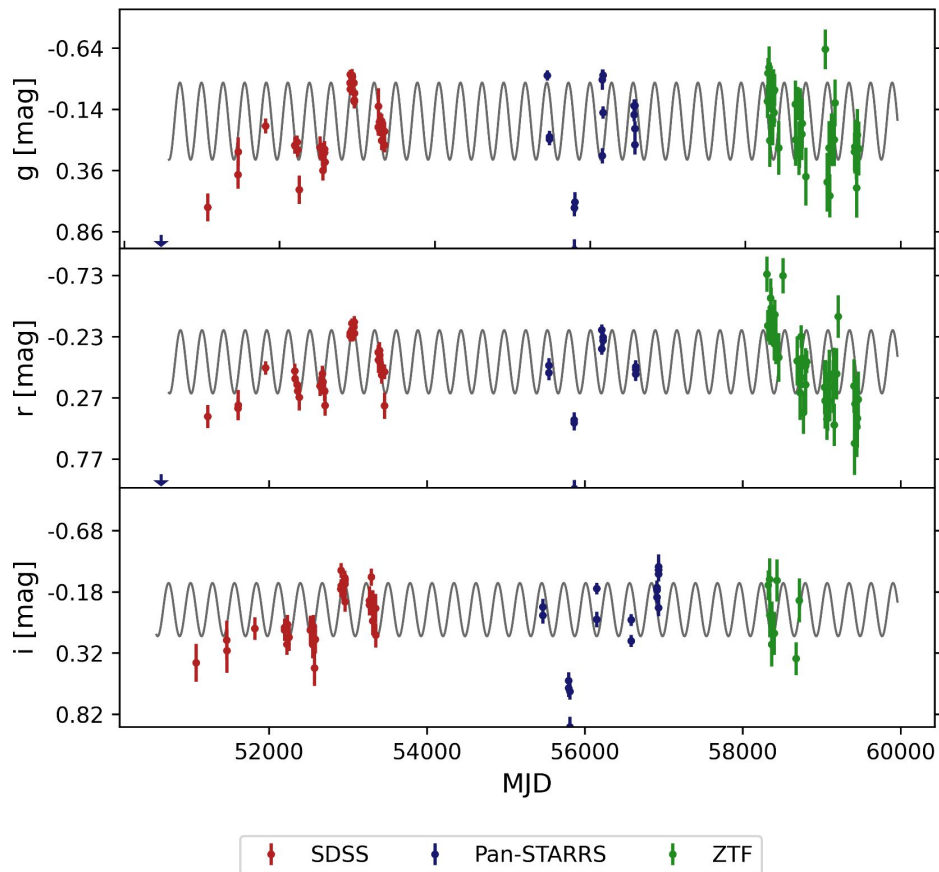
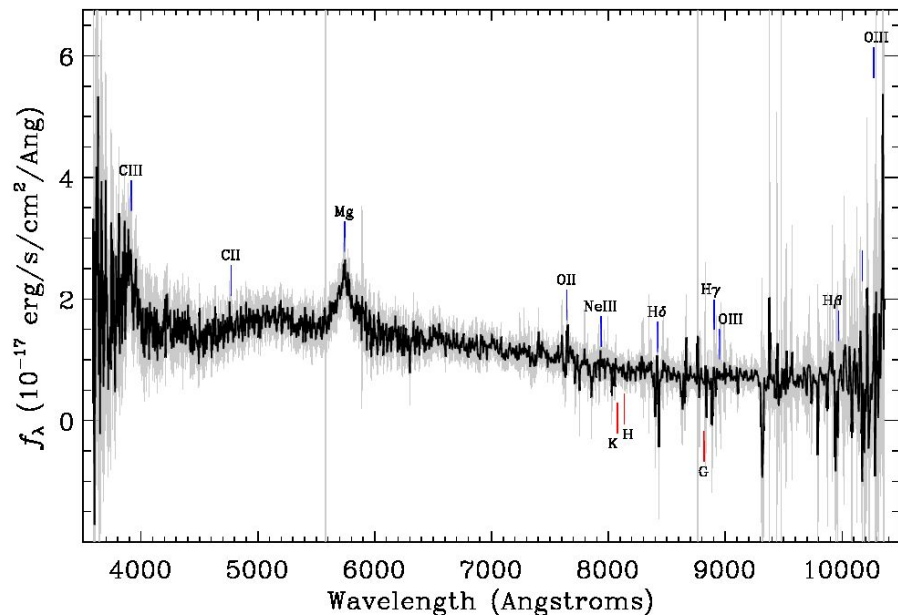
5 candidates

- jets ([Fan+02](#), [Kudryavtseva+11](#))
- warped accretion disks & hot spots ([Greenhill+03](#), [Herrnstein+05](#), [Strateva+03](#))
- TDEs ([Komossa & Greiner+99](#), [Mandel & Levin+15](#))
- Black hole binary system ([Sillanpää+96](#), [Graham+15](#))
- ...
- ... or a combination



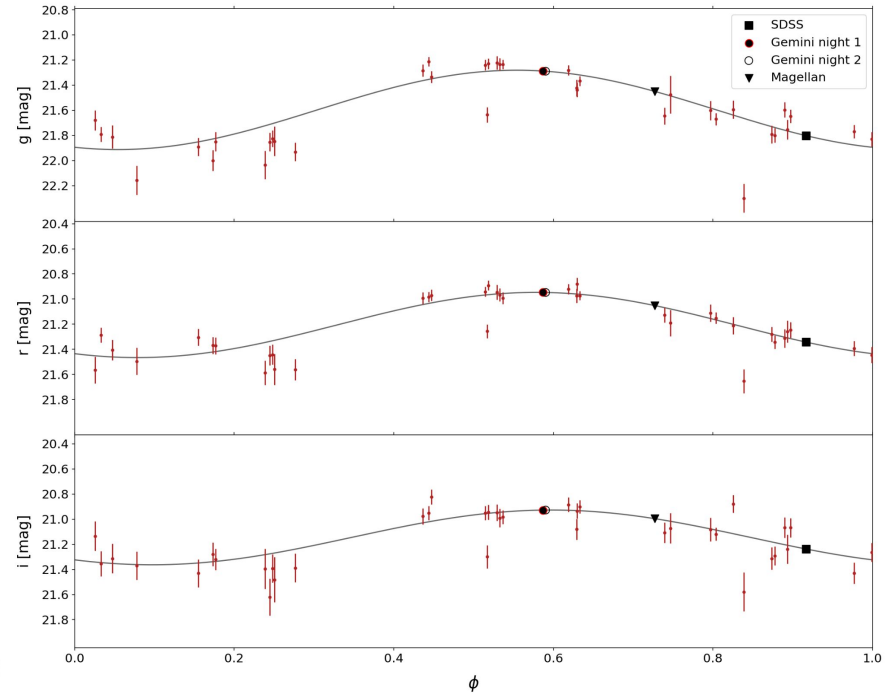
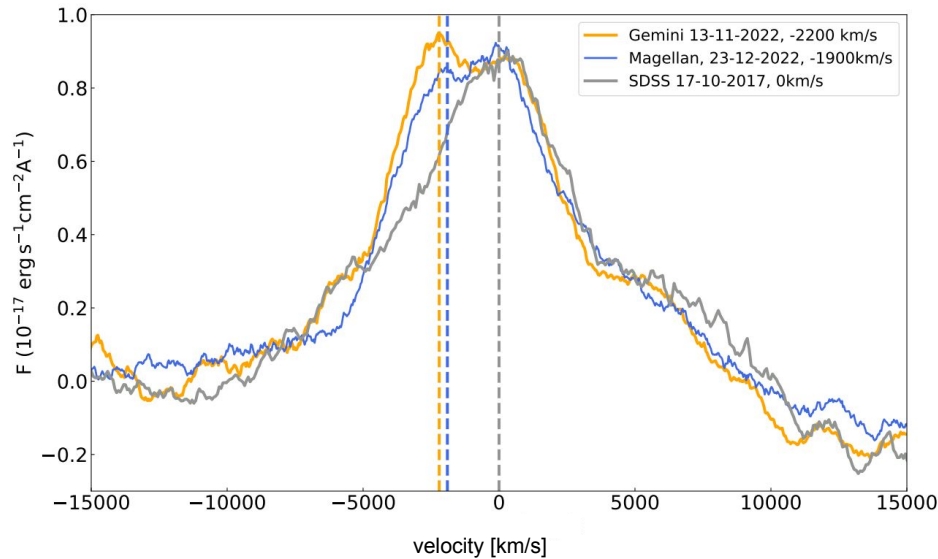
Prototype

- $r \sim 21$ mag, $A_r \sim 0.5$ mag, $P = 278 \pm 2$ days (shortest P cand?)
- Chandra detected x-ray variability
- broad Mg II line, hint of structure
- no archival radio emission
- Pan-STARRS & ZTF observations confirm variability



Recent observations focused on the Mg II line profile

- double peak in Magellan & Gemini observations
- unambiguous changes in the Mg II line profile
- velocity shift

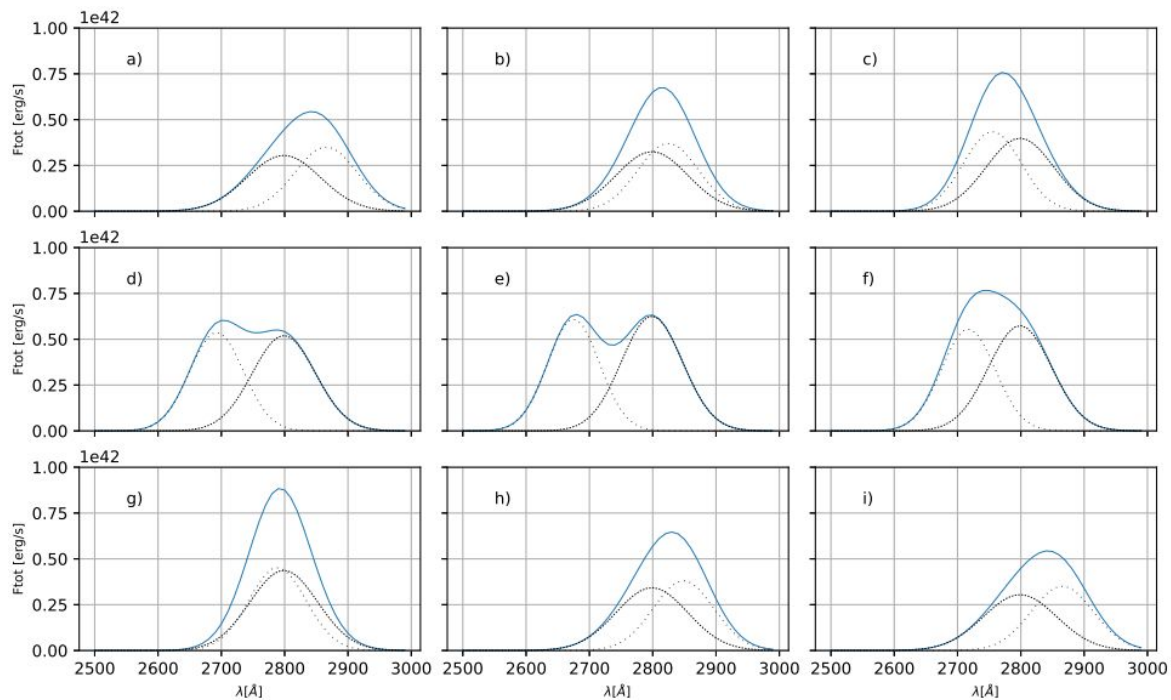
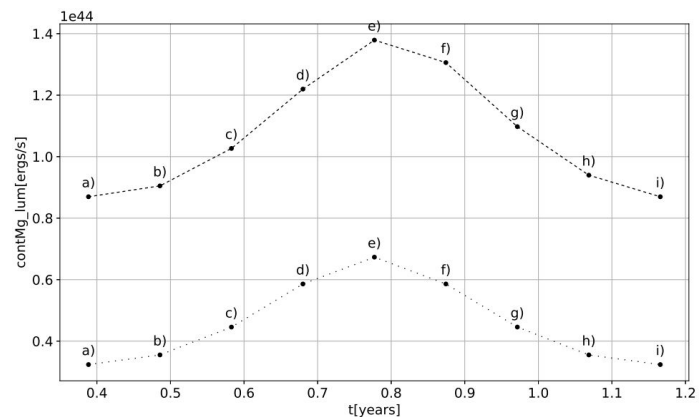


Model (PoSKI, Popović+21)

- model assumptions:
- BH₁ orbits BH₂ & strips its BLR
- system emission generated by BH₁ & cBLR
- $m_1=10^7 M_\odot$, $m_2=10^8 M_\odot$, $R=0.002$ pc
- $i=45^\circ$, $e=0.3$, $\omega=90^\circ$

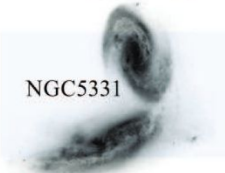
- dotted line: continuum variability
- dashed line: Mg II variability

- solid line: Mg II total line flux
- dashed line: cBLR contribution
- dotted line: BLR₁ contribution



SMBBHs & Gravitational Waves

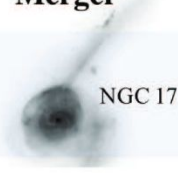
Galaxy Merger



NGC 5331

Dynamical friction drives massive objects to central positions

Stellar Core Merger



NGC 17

Dynamical friction less efficient as SMBHs form a binary.

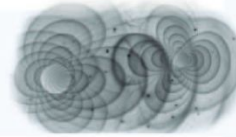
Binary Formation



4C 37.11

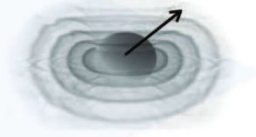
Stellar and gas interactions may dominate binary inspiral?

Continuous GWs



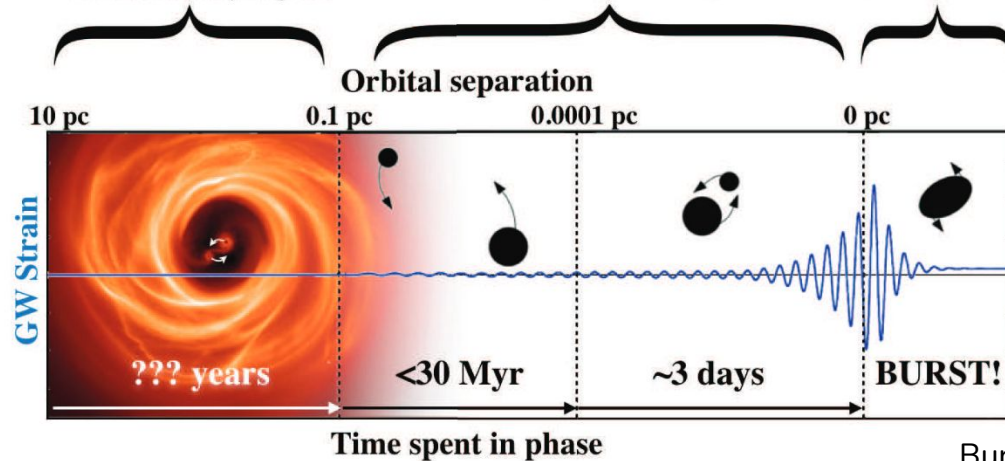
Gravitational radiation provides efficient inspiral. Circumbinary disk may track shrinking orbit.

Coalescence, Memory & Recoil



Post-coalescence system may experience gravitational recoil.

The Lifecycle of Binary Supermassive Black Holes



LSST@Europe5

Towards LSST science, together!

Poreč, Croatia | September 25-29 2023

LSST@Europe5

LSST@Europe5: "Towards LSST Science, Together!" conference will be held in Poreč, Croatia, September 25–29, 2023. We look forward to welcoming you in historic and picturesque Poreč, a UNESCO heritage site. Please save the date!

This conference aims to build on the successful outcomes of the first four meetings in the UK, Serbia, France, and Italy, and to further collaboratively develop LSST science opportunities. We anticipate that the Rubin Construction and Operations teams will report on the observatory construction status, data products and updated timelines. We also plan to put the emphasis on in-kind contributions, and particularly on those originating in Europe.

The meeting will be conducted in a hybrid format to enable access for remote participants and the wider Rubin/LSST community. We are planning for up to 300 in-person participants, and anticipate funds for enhancing participation by junior researchers.

The organizers wish to express their gratitude to [B612 Foundation](#) and [LSST Corporation](#) for providing financial support for the meeting.

Registration is open. Abstract submission and requests for travel support will become available soon.



Thank you for your attention!