Contribution ID : 58

Type : not specified

Dual Stochastic Resonance Enhances Sexual Communication in Stink Bugs Nezara Viridula

Stochastic resonance (SR) phenomena provide insight into the behavior of complex biological systems. Furthermore, a method for characterizing SR-type behavior in excitable systems with aperiodic and arbitrary inputs, such as broadband signals, has been developed and termed aperiodic stochastic resonance (ASR). It was discovered that noise can enhance the response of a sensory neuron to a subthreshold aperiodic input signal, suggesting a functional role for input noise in sensory systems. The simple addition of noise enhances a system's sensitivity, improving its ability to discriminate weak signals. The southern green stink bug, Nezara viridula (L.), is a cosmopolitan and highly polyphagous insect prevalent in many tropical and subtropical regions, representing one of the most significant pentatomid pests worldwide. Acoustic communication during mating is fundamental to this species' reproductive behavior and offers a promising avenue for population control through traps that emit acoustic signals. In this study, we demonstrate how environmental noise can enhance intersexual communication by analyzing behavior using the source-direction movement (SDM) ratio. Our findings reveal that the SDM exhibits a nonmonotonic trend with two distinct maxima, suggesting the presence of a "double" behavioral stochastic resonance. Furthermore, the external noise intensity values employed in laboratory experiments closely match those observed in open-field measurements. These results confirm that environmental noise plays a crucial role in the acoustic communication of N. viridula during the mating period.

Role

Professor/PI

Primary author(s) : Prof. SPAGNOLO, Bernardo (Dipartimento di Fisica e Chimica "E. Segrè", Group of Interdisciplinary Theoretical Physics, Università degli Studi di Palermo, Palermo, Stochastic Multistable Systems Laboratory, Lobachevsky University, Russia)

Presenter(s) : Prof. SPAGNOLO, Bernardo (Dipartimento di Fisica e Chimica "E. Segrè", Group of Interdisciplinary Theoretical Physics, Università degli Studi di Palermo, Palermo, Stochastic Multistable Systems Laboratory, Lobachevsky University, Russia)